2.—Live Births in	Cities and Towns	of 10,000	Population at	nd	Over,	1932-36,	with
	Averages, 1926-3	30 and 19	31-35 —conclude	d.	-	•	

Province and City or Town.	Census Popu- lation, 1931.	Aver- ages, 1926-30.	Aver- ages, 1931–35.	1932.	1933.	1934.	1935.	1936.
Alberta— Calgary Edmonton. Lethbridge	83,4071	1,806	1,695	1,726	1,624	1,601	1,640	1,623
	85,7741	2,122	2,246	2,320	2,085	2,148	2,278	2,317
	13,5231	436	531	526	517	458	582	580
British Columbia— New Westminster Vancouver Victoria	17,524	525	558	565	535	544	558	639
	246,593	3,776	3,357	3,450	3,188	3,179	3,248	3,410
	39,082	717	696	700	674	714	709	710

¹ Census of 1936.

Nativity of Mothers.—Table 3 shows, by provinces, the percentages of legitimate children born alive to Canadian-born, British-born, and foreign-born mothers, respectively, for the years 1934, 1935, and 1936. The influence of the limited immigration in recent years is reflected in the figures. In the Prairie Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta, where the percentages born to foreign-born mothers in 1933 were 25.9, 36.3, and 40.4, respectively, they were 20.4, 28.6, and 32.0, respectively, in 1936. Thus more and more of the children of the West are coming within the class of third generation Canadian.

3.—Percentages of Legitimate Children Born Alive to Canadian-Born, British-Born or Foreign-Born Mothers, by Provinces, 1934-36.

Province.	Nativity of Mothers.								
	Canadian Born.			British Born.			Foreign Born.		
	1934.	1935.	1936.	1934.	1935.	1936.	1934.	1935.	1936.
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Prince Edward Island	94.9	94.2	94.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	3.7	4.4	4.
Nova Scotia New Brunswick	88·9 93·1	88·4 93·8	89·2 93·7	7·5 3·0	8·0 2·5	7·4 2·5	3-6 4 ∙0	3⋅6 3⋅7	3. 3.
Quebecl	94.3	94.7	95.3	2.1	2.0	1.8	3.6	3.3	2.
Ontario	74 - 4	76 - 2	77.8	15.3	14.0	12.9	10.3	9.8	9.
Manitoba	66.7	69-0	71.6	9.9	9.2	8.0	23 · 4	21.8	20 -
Saskatchewan	58.2	62 · 2	64.8	8.4	7.4	6.6	33 · 4	30∙5	28 ·
Alberta	51.4	54.8	58 · 1	12.0	10.6	9.9	36.7	34.6	32 ·
British Columbia	55-4	58-4	63 · 1	22 · 1	20.5	18.3	22-5	21.1	18.
Canada ¹	78 · 6	80.1	81.7	8.7	8.1	7.4	12.6	11.8	10.

¹ Exclusive of the Territories.

Fertility Rates.—The crude birth rate of a young country is subject to influences which vitiate comparison with older lands. These influences are the result, to some extent, of differences in age or sex constitution or in conjugal condition. For this reason birth rates are frequently based on the number of births per thousand women within suitably chosen age-groups. Such rates are commonly known as fertility rates. At pp. 150-152 of the 1936 Year Book specific fertility rates of married women between the ages of 15 and 49 years were given, by provinces, for 1921, 1922, and 1930-32. Such statistics will not again be compiled until 1941 census data are available, and the interested reader is referred to that table for this information.